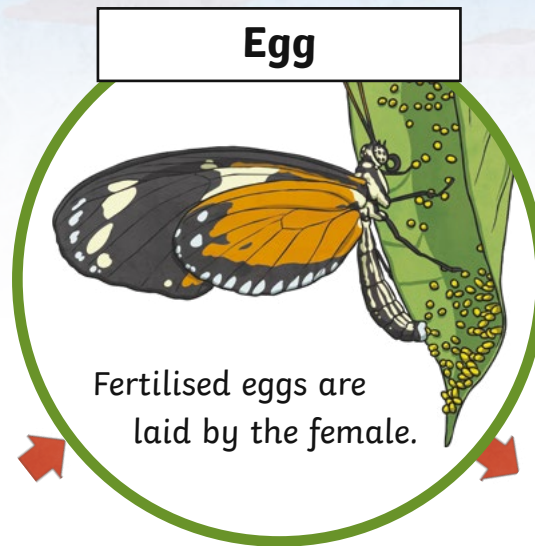


Animal Life Cycles

Activity 1

Insect life cycles

Click each box to select the correct stage of the life cycle. Then click on each stage (circle) to change the image and explanation so that it is correct. The first one has been done for you.



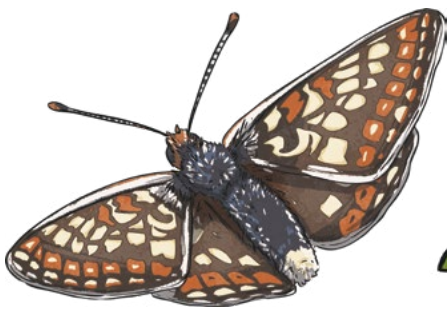
Complete the sentences by selecting the correct word from the drop-down box.

The journey of changes that take place throughout the life of a living thing is known as _____.

When the butterfly lays her _____ onto a leaf, they can be round, oval or even cylindrical.

The caterpillar undergoes a process called _____ inside its chrysalis or pupa, where it is _____ changing.

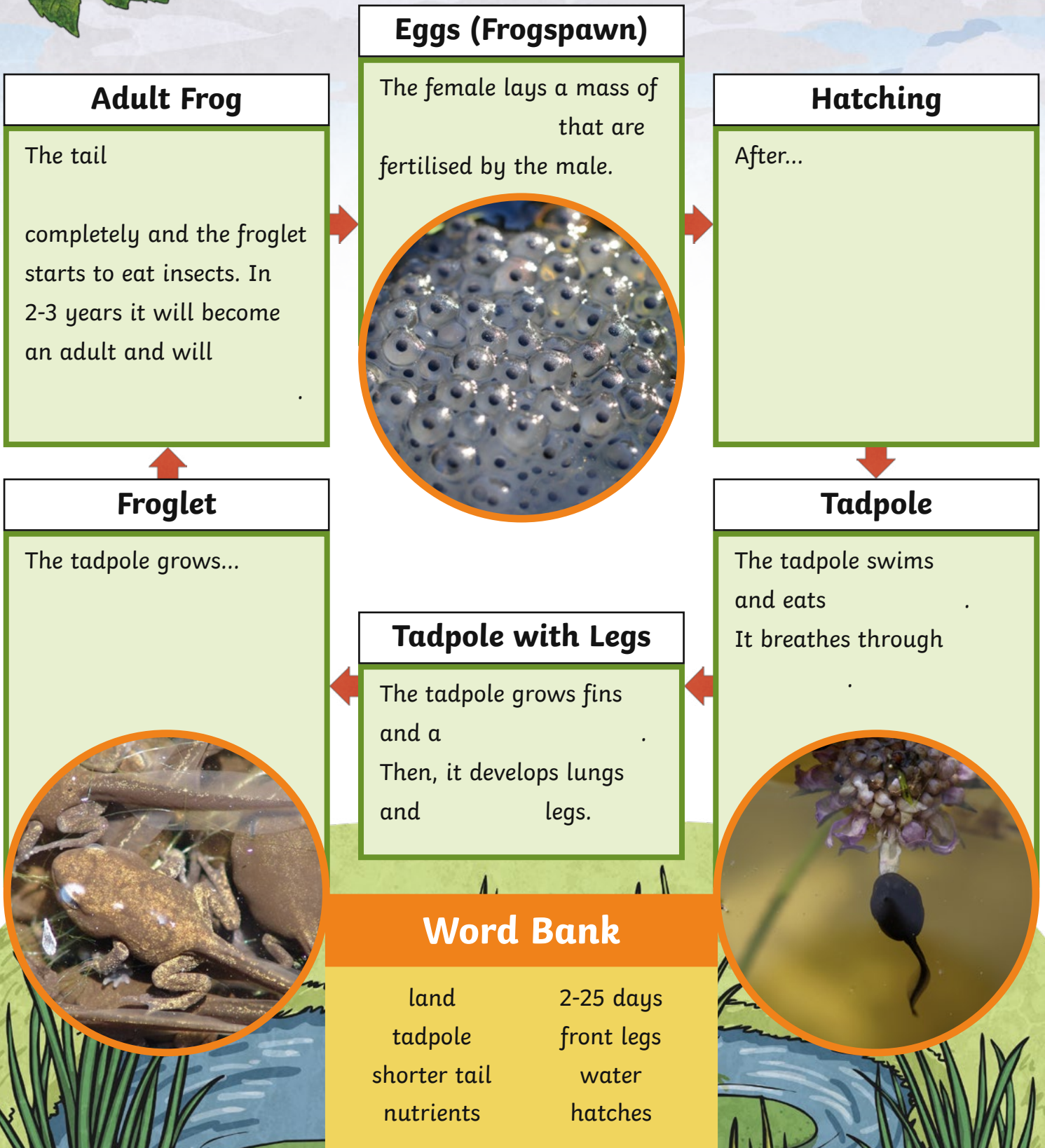
When the fully formed _____ emerges, it dries its wings and then flies off to seek out a _____. The cycle _____.



Activity 2

Amphibian life cycles

Complete the life cycle of a frog by selecting the correct answer and typing in the empty boxes to explain what happens. Use the word bank to help with your explanation.



Challenge

Answer the following questions and type in your answers below.

1. Female frogs can lay up to 4,000 eggs at a time, which then become fertilised by a male. Why do you think they lay so many?
2. What is the difference between sexual and asexual reproduction?
3. What happens during fertilisation?

